

# TRYPTOSE SULPHITE AGAR

Basal medium for the presumptive identification of *Clostridium perfringens*.

| TYPICAL FORMULA         | (g/l) |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Tryptose                | 15.0  |
| Soy Peptone             | 5.0   |
| Yeast Extract           | 5.0   |
| Ferric Ammonium Citrate | 1.0   |
| Sodium Metabisulfite    | 1.0   |
| Agar                    | 15.0  |
| Final pH 7.6 ± 0.2      |       |

#### DESCRIPTION

TRYPTOSE SULPHITE AGAR is a basal medium used for the presumptive identification of Clostridium perfringens.

#### PRINCIPLE

Tryptose and soy peptone provide nitrogen, vitamins minerals and amino acids essential for growth. Yeast extract is a rich source of B-group vitamins. Ferric ammonium citrate and sodium metabisulfite are  $H_2S$  indicators. Agar is the solidifying agent.

#### TECHNIQUE

Use a sterile stabbing needle to inoculate the sample into the agar surface. Incubate the tubes at 36±1°C for 24 hours.

#### INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

Observe the growth of black colonies beneath the agar surface.

#### STORAGE

10-25°C away from light, until the expiry date on the label. Eliminate if signs of deterioration or contamination are evident.

### WARNING AND PRECAUTIONS

The product does not contain hazardous substances in concentrations exceeding the limits set by current legislation and therefore is not classified as dangerous. It is nevertheless recommended to consult the safety data sheet for its correct use. The product is intended for professional use only and must be used by properly trained operators.

# DISPOSAL OF WASTE

Disposal of waste must be carried out according to the national and local regulations in force.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Harmon, S.M., O.A. Kautler and J.T. Peeler (1971) Improved medium for enumeration of *Clostridium perfringens*. App. Microbiol. 22:688.
- Haushild, A.H.W., and A. Hilsheimer (1974) Evaluation and modifications of media for enumeration of *C. perfrigens*. App. Microbiol. 27:78.
- 3. Shedi, SA. and AR Ferguson (1971) App. Microbiol. 21:500-606.
- 4. ISO 7937:1997. Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs Horizontal method for the detection of Clostridium perfrigens Colony-count technique.





#### NAME

TRYPTOSE SULPHITE AGAR

### PRESENTATION

Glass tubes containing 12+/-0.5 ml of medium

# STORAGE

10-25°C

#### PACKAGING

| Ref.  | Content           | Packaging                  |
|-------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| 26456 | 100 tubes x 12 ml | 100 tubes in cardboard box |

# pH OF THE MEDIUM

. 7.6 ± 0.2

# USE

TRYPTOSE SULPHITE AGAR is a basal medium used for the presumptive identification of Clostridium perfringens

## TECHNIQUE

Refer to technical sheet of the product

# APPEARANCE OF THE MEDIUM

Clear amber medium

# SHELFLIFE

1 year

## QUALITY CONTROL

- 1. Control of general characteristics, label and print
- Sterility control
  7 days at 22 ± 1°C, in aerobiosis
  7 days at 36 ± 1°C, in aerobiosis
- Microbiological control Inoculum for productivity: 10-100 UFC/ml Inoculum for specificity: ≤10<sup>4</sup> UFC/ml Incubation Conditions: 18-24 h at 36 ± 1°C

| Microorganism           | <b>ATCC</b> <sup>®</sup> | Growth | Features       |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------|----------------|
| Clostridium sporogenes  | 19404                    | Good   | Black Colonies |
| Clostridium perfringens | 13124                    | Good   | Black Colonies |

# TABLE OF SYMBOLS

