

# **Marine Salt Agar**

Medium for the growth of marine bacteria.

TYPICAL FORMULA	(g/I)
Enzymatic Digest of Casein	2.5
Potato Starch	10.0
Yeast Extract	2.5
Dextrose	5.0
Marine Salt	19.0
Calcium Carbonate	2.0
Agar	15.0
Final pH 6.5 ± 0.2	

# **DESCRIPTION**

Marine Salt Agar is used for the isolation and cultivation of heterotrophic marine bacteria.

#### **PRINCIPLE**

Enzymatic digest of casein provides amino acids, nitrogen, carbon, vitamins and minerals. Starch is an energy source for those organisms which produce the enzyme amylase. Yeast extract is a source of vitamins, particularly of B-group. Dextrose is the fermentable carbohydrate. Marine salt serves to replicate the saltwater marine environment. Calcium carbonate serves as pH indicator as it precipitates in case of acid production forming a clear zone around colonies. Agar is the solidifying agent

#### **TECHNIQUE**

Inoculate the medium by spreading plate method. Incubate at 20-25°C for 24-72 hours under aerobic atmosphere.

#### INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

Observe for the growth of colonies.

# STORAGE AND TRANSPORT CONDITIONS

2-8°C away from light, until the expiry date on the label. However, our stability studies have shown that the transport at 18-25°C for 4 days, or at 35-39°C for 48 hours, does not alter in any way the performance of the product. Eliminate if signs of deterioration or contamination are evident.

# WARNING AND PRECAUTIONS

The product does not contain hazardous substances in concentrations exceeding the limits set by current legislation and therefore is not classified as dangerous. It is nevertheless recommended to consult the safety data sheet for its correct use. The product is designed for professional use and must be used only by properly trained operators.

# DISPOSAL OF WASTE

Disposal of waste must be carried out according to the national and local regulations in force.

#### REFERENCES

- Weiner, R.M., A.M. Segall, and R.R. Colwell (1985) Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 49:83.
- Buck, J.D., and R.C. Cleverdon (1960) The spread plate as a method for the enumeration of marine bacteria. Limnol. Oceanogr. 5:78.
- 3. ZoBell, C.E. (1941) Studies on Marine Bacteria. I. The cultural requirements of heterotrophic aerobes. J.Mar.Res. 4:42-75.



# **PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS**

#### NAME

Marine Salt Agar

# **PRESENTATION**

Ready to use plates (90 mm) containing 22 ± 1 ml of medium

# STORAGE

2-8°C

# PACKAGING

Ref.	Content	Packaging	
10426	1 711 histas	<ul><li>10 plates in thermally soldered film</li><li>2 x 10 plates in cardboard box</li></ul>	

# pH OF THE MEDIUM

 $6.5 \pm 0.2$ 

#### USE

Marine Salt Agar is used for the isolation and cultivation of heterotrophic marine bacteria

#### **TECHNIQUE**

Refer to technical sheet of the product

# APPEARANCE OF THE MEDIUM

Light opalescent to opalescent, light amber

#### SHELFLIFE

6 months

# QUALITY CONTROL

- Control of general characteristics, label and print
- Sterility control

7 days at 22 ± 2°C, in aerobiosis

7 days at 35 ± 2°C, in aerobiosis

Microbiological control

Inoculum for productivity: 50-100 CFU Incubation Conditions: 24-72 hours at 20-25°C, in aerobiosis

Microorganism Growth Vibrio fisheri ATCC® 7744 Good ATCC® 14126 Vibrio harvey Good

# **TABLE OF SYMBOLS**



