

Tryptic Soy Agar + Lactamator 500 IU + Neutralizing (Irradiated)

General purpose medium for environmental monitoring with inactivation of β-lactam antibiotics and disinfectants..

| TYPICAL FORMULA | (g/l) |
|--------------------|--------|
| Casein Peptone | 15.0 |
| Soy Peptone | 5.0 |
| Sodium Chloride | 5.0 |
| Agar | 15.0 |
| Histidine | 1.0 |
| Lecithin | 0.7 |
| Polysorbate 80 | 5.0 |
| Sodium Thiosulfate | 0.5 |
| Lactamator | 500 IU |
| Final pH 7.3 ± 0.2 | |

DESCRIPTION

Tryptic Soy Agar + Lactamator 500 IU + Neutralizing (Irradiated) is a general purpose medium used for environmental monitoring with inactivation of β-lactam antibiotics (penicillins, cephalosporins and carbapenems) and disinfectants.

These gamma-irradiated, triple-bagged plates are particularly suitable for use in restricted areas like isolators and clean rooms.

PRINCIPLE

Casein peptone and soy peptone provide amino acids, nitrogen, carbon, minerals, vitamins and other nutrients which support the growth of microorganism. Sodium chloride maintains the osmotic balance of the medium. Agar is the solidifying agent. Histidine inactivates aldehydes. Lecithin neutralizes quaternary ammonium compounds. Polysorbate 80 (Tween 80) is effective against phenolic compounds and mercurial derivates. Sodium thiosulfate neutralizes halogen compounds. Lactamator is a mixture of Penicillinase and Cephalosporinase, designed for the inactivation of a wide range of beta-lactam antibiotics.

• 1 International Unit (IU) is defined as the amount of enzyme needed to hydrolyze 1 μmole of Penicillin G (Penicillinase) or 1 μmole of Cephalosporin C (Cephalosporinase) per minute at pH 7.0 at 25°C.

TECHNIQUE

Use settle plate sampling method. Alternatively, if sample is being cultured from a swab, inoculate the plates by streaking directly the swab on the medium surface.

For detection of bacteria incubate the plates at 30-35°C for 18-72 hours.

For detection of yeasts and moulds incubate at 20-25°C for 2-7 days.

INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

Observe daily for the formation of colonies.

STORAGE AND TRANSPORT CONDITIONS

2-8°C away from light, until the expiry date on the label. However, our stability studies have shown that the transport at 18-25°C for 4 days, or at 35-39°C for 48 hours, does not alter in any way the performance of the product. Eliminate if signs of deterioration or contamination are evident.

WARNING AND PRECAUTIONS

The product does not contain hazardous substances in concentrations exceeding the limits set by current legislation and therefore is not classified as dangerous. it is nevertheless recommended to consult the safety data sheet for its correct use. The product must be used by properly trained operators only.

DISPOSAL OF WASTE

Disposal of waste must be carried out according to the national and local regulations in force.

REFERENCES

- 1. Swanson, K.J., F.F. Busta, E.H. Peterson, and M.G. Johnson (1992). Colony Count Methods, p. 75-95.
- 2. USP 33 NF 28 (2011) <62> Microbiological examination of non-sterile products: Test for specified microorganisms. Harmonised Method. The United States Pharmacopeial Convention, Rockville, MD. USA.
- USP 33 NF 28 (2011) <1116> Microbiological evaluation of clean rooms. The United States Pharmacopeial Convention, Rockville, MD, USA.
- 4. European Pharmacopeia 7.0 (2011) 7th ed. Chapters 2.6.13. Microbiological examination of non-sterile products: Test for specified microorganisms. Harmonised Method. Council of Europe Strasbourg, France.





PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

NAME

Tryptic Soy Agar + Lactamator 500 IU + Neutralizing (Irradiated)

PRESENTATION

Ready-to-use plates (90 mm) containing 22 ± 1 ml of medium

STORAGE

2-8°C

PACKAGING

| Ref. | Content | Packaging | |
|--------|-----------|--|--|
| 10104S | 20 niates | 10 triple-bagged plates | |
| | | 2 x 10 plates in cardboard box | |

pH OF THE MEDIUM

 7.3 ± 0.2

USE

Tryptic Soy Agar + Lactamator 500 IU + Neutralizing (Irradiated) is a general purpose medium used for environmental monitoring with inactivation of β-lactam antibiotics (penicillins, cephalosporins and carbapenems) and disinfectants. Particularly suitable for use in restricted areas

TECHNIQUE

Refer to technical sheet of the product

APPEARANCE OF THE MEDIUM

Clear or slightly opalescent, amber

SHELFLIFE

4 months

QUALITY CONTROL

- 1. Control of general characteristics, label and print
- 2. Sterility control
 - 48 hours and 7 days at 22.5 \pm 2.5 $^{\circ}$ C, in aerobiosis
 - 48 hours and 7 days at 32.5 ± 2.5°C, in aerobiosis
- 3. Microbiological control
 - Inoculum for productivity: 50-100 CFU
 - Inoculum for evaluation of lactamator activity: 104-105 CFU

Incubation Conditions: 18-24 h at $32.5 \pm 2.5^{\circ}$ C, 48-72 h at $22.5 \pm 2.5^{\circ}$ C*, in aerobiosis

| Microorganism | | Growth |
|---------------------------|-------------|--------|
| Staphylococcus aureus | ATCC® 6538 | Good |
| Escherichia coli | ATCC® 8739 | Good |
| Pseudomonas aeruginosa | ATCC® 9027 | Good |
| Bacillus subtilis | ATCC® 6633 | Good |
| Candida albicans* | ATCC® 10231 | Good |
| Aspergillus brasiliensis* | ATCC® 16404 | Good |

Control of penicillinase and cephalosporinase activities with disc diffusion method

Microorganism Specification

Staphylococcus aureus ATCC® 6538 No inhibition by Penicillin G 10 IU, Ampicillin 10 μg, Cefotaxime 30 μg, Cefepime 30 μg and Meropenem 10 μg

TABLE OF SYMBOLS Batch Fragile, handle LOT Do not reuse Manufacturer Use by code with care Catalogue Temperature Contains sufficient Caution, consult REF number limitation for <n> tests instructions for use

